An Old Man Denied the Right to Ask Grover Cleveland a Simple Question.

Sepsational Incident at a Democratic Meethig-Speech by the Ex-President on the Issues at Stake in New York State.

New York, Oct. 14 .- The Democracy of Kings county turned out in force this evening to aid in firing the first big Democratic gun in the present State campaign in this pivotal county of Kings. Clermont Rink was crowded. At 8 o'clock Hon. W. H. Furey, entered and after him came Grover Cleveland. The andience simply went wild. Cheer after cheer arose until a full two minutes had expired. An unusual incident occurred near the close of the meeting. Mr. Cleveland made the speech of the evening. At the conclusion of the ex-President's speech, an old gray-haired man areas upon the seat and when he got a chance he yelled out: "Mr. Cleveland, did you get my letter? What have you done towards preserving life and preventing death from collisions on the railroad? What have -. " The rest of the sentence was lost amid the hisses which greeted the old man, who was hustled unceremoniously out, protesting against them depriving him of the right of free speech.

John R. Adams called the meeting to order and, in introducing ex-President Cleveland, he delivered himself of a eulogistic speech, during the course of which he was interrupted. When Mr. Cleveland arose to speak he was greeted with "three cheers for our next President." Mr. Cleveland, after acknowledging the greeting, spoke as fellows: "My extreme interest in the State campaign now pending arises from a conception of its importance, which I do not believe is at all exaggerated. The fact that it immediately precedes a national campaign, in which the vote of New York may be a controlling factor, is of itself sufficient to enlist the activity of every man entitled to claim a place in Democratic councils. Democracy of the State to further emphasize its support of the reforms to which the national Democracy is pledged, we must all confess, would be a party humiliation. "There are, however, reasons beyond these which are close at home and have relation to State interests quite sufficient to are dangers clearly imminent and schemes almost unconcealed which affect our State, and which can only be avoided and defeated by the strong and determined pro-test of the united Democracy of New York. The party we oppose, resting upon no fun-damental principle, sustaining a precarious existence upon a distorted sentiment and depending for success upon the varying currents of selfish interests and popular misconception, cannot endure the sight of a community which is inclined to with-stand its blandishments and which refuses to be led away by its misrepresentations. A SLAP AT THE ELECTIONS BILL.

"Thus, in its national management and methods, it boldly seeks to thwart the intention of voters if they are Democratic, and to stifle the voice of the people if they speak in Democratic tones. I am sure it is not necessary to remind you in proof of this of the latest effort of our opponents at Washington in this direction, nor to speak of the Democratic congratulation which spread throughout the land when, by the defeat of the force bill, our boasted American freedom of suffrage was saved and constitutional rights preserved through the combined efforts of a Democratic senato-rial minority splendidly led and grandly

"Is there a Democrat-nay, is there any man-so dull as to suppose that the Repub-lican party in this State is not of the same disposition as the party in the Nation? Do not the attitude and conduct of its Representatives from this State in national affairs abundantly prove that the party in New York can be implicitly trusted to aid any scheme of this sort that promises partisan advantage? If further proof is de-sired that New York Republicans are thoroughly imbued with the proclivities that characterize the party in national affairs, it is readily found. Under the positive requirements of our State Constitution an enumeration of the inhabmade in 1885 and the Senate and assembly districts newly adjusted in accordance with such enumeration. This has as yet not been done, though our opponents have had a majority in both branches of the Legislature ever since that year, except in the last session, when a Democratic majority appeared in the Assembly. A Re-publican reason for the neglect of a plain duty in the matter of this enumeration is found in the fact that under such a new arrangement localities which have increased in population, and at the same time in Democratic voters, would be entitled to a larger representation in the Legislature than they now have, while the existing adjustment is a very comfortable one, from a Republican stand-point. In majority in the Assembly."

Mr. Cleveland at this point introduced the figures from 1885 down to prove his statement, continuing thus: "There is no reason to hope for a better and more just representation of the political sentiments of the people of the State, except through a complete dislodgement of those who have so long profited by this injustice. Its continuance is directly involved in the present or mpaign, for not only a Governor, but a new Senate and Assembly are to be elected. No election will soon occur that will afford so good an opportunity to secure to our party the share in State legislation to which it is entitled, nor will the Democratic party soon have a better chance to rectify a political wrong. WANTS MORE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMEN.

"By way of further suggesting the importance of this campaign, I ask you not to forget that a new apportionment of Representatives in Congress is to be made, on the basis of the census just completed, and that it may devolve on the next Legislature to readjust the congressional districts of the State. Previous to 1883 these districts were so arranged that, though in 1880 our opponents carried the State by only about 21.000, they secured twenty Congressmen to thirteen elected by the Democrats, while in 1882, though the Democratic candidate for Governor had a majority of more than one hundred and ninety thousand, there were elected but twenty-one Democratic Congressmen, one being a citigen of Brooklyn, elected at large, while the party in the minority elected thirteen Representatives."

Mr. Cleveland then referred to the result of a redistricting by a Democratic Legislature in 1883, so that, though the Democrats elected their President next year and carried the State, the congressional delegation was about equally divided. Then he added: "I want to put the inquiry whether, judging from the past conduct of our oponents in such matters, and from what seems to be their natural disposition, there is the least chance of their dealing fairly by the Democracy of the State if they have the control of the next arrangement of congressional districts. I purposely refrain from detaining you with the presentation of other considerations which impress me with the importance, at this time, of Demo-

cratic activity. "I need not say that the safety of Democracy in the State and here at your home is only to be preserved by Democratic steadfastness. I do not forget how often and how effectively you have displayed that steadfastness in the past, nor do I forget your service to the State when you contributed to places of trust in its government and administration the intelligence, fidelity and ability of your fellow-townsman who soon retires from the chief magistracy of your city. In your relation to the pending canvass every Democrat who loves his country and his party must acknowledge the important service rendered by representatives of kings county in aiding the formulation of a declaration of financial If suffered to progress, often results in Democracy presents to the voters of the chial Troches give instant relief.

HUSTLED OUT OF THE ROOM | State, which leaves no room to doubt our neistance upon sound and honest money for all the people. Resolutions of local interest were passed, and the meeting broke up.

SOME DEMOCRATS TALK.

Taggart Tells How His Poll Stood, and It Showed Thorough Organization.

Tom Taggart was much feted yesterday by members of his party on the victory of Tuesday. Some of the more enthusiastic, full of the spirits of the previous night's jollification, loudly proclaimed "Taggart for Governor." It is safe to say that, with the prevailing confidence in his political ability, the chairman of the Democratic city committee can have what he wants. The feeling among the faithful showed their belief that victory was due more to Taggart than to the personnel of the ticket. The full meaning of this will be appreciated by those who are acquainted with Taggart's political methods. He is one of the most practical of politicians and can teach any disciple of John Kelly that ever was heard of more points on how to make money count than any other tician in the State. Taggart is never troubled about the tenets of his party. He is a born Democrat, and will accept the party platform whatever prinknow they are labeled Democratic, and on the tariff and the silver issue he could be all things to all shades of his party divisons on these subjects. He don't care for "What carried the day, money or issues?"

asked a reporter of him, yesterday. "There were no issues," was the reply This was true from his party's stand-point. "Did you believe in so large a majority for Sullivan?" was asked again. "I will tell you what the poll showed. On Saturday night the books as revised showed a Democratic majority of about 1,700. There was also a floating vote of 1,967. I counted half of that for our ticket and half for the Republicans." The majority, as shown by the table, goes far, sad to relate, to confirm Mr. Taggart's prognosis.

Thayer and the "Bes' Element." Among the many gamblers who have settled down in this city, like flies around a sugar barrel, during the benign reign of Caliph Haroun Al Sullivan none has taken a more active interest in the city election han Frank Thayer, a well-known habitue of the sportive precincts of Illinois street. Besides this, the failure on the part of the Mr. Thayer gave his best efforts to aid in the success of the Democratic ticket, and when Hon. Tom Taggart frames his resolutions of thanks he and the grand old party will be ungrateful, indeed, if Mr. Thayer, Mr. Tobias Howe, proprietor of aronse supreme Democratic efforts. There | "Tranbycroft," Mr. Jo Littler et al. are omitted. Mr. Thayer, recognizing his services to the party, gave himself a holiday yesterday and filled his can with a job lot of ardent spirits. Having done so, with a recognition of the fitness of things he stationed himself before the office of the evening News yesterday and made himself extremely social to all passers-by. Mr. Thayer's tongue was loosened and he poured fourth a most amazing flood of elo-quence. Mr. Thayer's summing of the cause of the defeat of the Republicans is in accord with that of the evening Democratic organ, thoughfat the time perhaps he could not tell the difference between a queen full on deuces and a bob-tail flush. "Shee here, gen'l'm'n," said Mr. Thayer; "shee here, I'll tell you how the Democratic party won. We jus' combined the bes' elements both parties, and when we did that all h-l couldn't beat us, doncher

Catterson Is Talking. "There goes a happy man," said Commissioner Catterson, last night, as Superintendent of Police Colbert moved away. "It means two years more in a good position, one that pays him twice as much as his old position of gateman. He ought to get \$2,500, though, instead of \$1,500. No city of its size pays its chief of police and chief of fire department as little as Indianapolis." There are few subjects on which Mr. Cat terson shows more enthusiasm than on the merits of the chief of police, unless it be his support of Mayor Sullivan. He said he voted for Sullivan because he esteemed it his duty as a part of the administration to sustain it. He acknowledged that he also voted for him in his race against General Coburn two years previously. There is still another subject in which Mr. Catter-son delights, and that is the abilities of Sterling R. Holt. "Smart man," said he last night; "one of the smartest in the country. He will be the next treasurer of this

county, and there ain't nothing that can Much Ado About Nothing. About the most laughable episode of the campaign was the thrilling account which the News contained last evening of a "contemplated attack on the News office." which is put in the mouth of the chief of police. On Monday, the Journal's police reporter, while at the station-house, mentioned to the chief the fact that there would be a big crowd about the Journal office Tuesday night, and, if the election went their way, they would probably be more or less hilarious. As three or four persons had been heard to say that they would like to make merry about the News office, it might not be a bad idea to have a the present condition it is calculated that a | few Republican policemen among the Democratic majority in the State must | crowd to restrain at the start any boisterreach at least 50,000 in order to give us a | ous exhibition. Mr. Colbert came to the Journal office and asked if there was any intimation of an attack upon the News office. He was told that there was not. and, further, that the Republicans of the city would not have such a thing occur for anything in the world, and that it would be a good thing to head off the possibility of any such mishap. The ethics of police and detective management usually requires that information of this sort shall be kept in confidence. The gratitude of the News and its superintendent of police is shown by a tricky effort to put the Journal in the attitude of intimating that the Republican party is one of mob violence. The News quotes Colbert as telling the story. Yesterday he was asked by a Journal reporter: "Did I say anything to you that would lead you to suppose that we had any knowledge of any plan to attack the News?"

> "No," replied Mr. Colbert. "Then the News lied?" "I asked you," replied Mr. Colbert, "i on had any intimation that there would be trouble, and you said 'no.'

Quiet Wedding. At the Circle Park Hotel occurred, last evening, a quiet wedding, the contracting parties being Mr. Max W. Meyer, of St. Louis, and Miss Jean Solomon, of Attica. Ind., Rev. Dr. M. Messing officiating Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. J. Meyer, of Michigan City, Ind.; Mr. I. Solomon and wife, of Attica, Ind.; Mr. K. Munter and wife and Mr. R. Stern and wife,

Firemen's Ball. The firemen's ball will occurr to-night in Tomlinson Hall. Mayor Sullivan will be present, and, with his wife, will lead the grand march, which will begin promptly at 8 o'clock. An evening of splendid

Local News Notes.

The contract to furnish winter helmets for the new patrolmen was yesterday let to Dalton, at \$2.35 each.

Judge John C. Adams, of Vincences, was yesterday admitted to practice before the State Supreme Court.

enjoyment awaits those who attend.

Laura Ward, colored, was arrested yesterday by detectives Page and Thornton, to answer a charge of grand latteny. The loser of the stolen property lives at No. 147 West Michigan, where the girl was employed at domestic service. A pair of opera-glasses and a quantity of clothing

William Bradley, better known as "Dick," a middle-weight pugilist, of Chicage, who has come to this city to live, will have a benefit early in November. A number of well-known "fans" will be present, among them Pat Killen, of St. Paul, who, on last Sunday, whipped Bob Ferguson, of Chicago, at the latter city, for the championship of the Northwest.

A Sore Throat or Cough,

PHILLIPS BROOKS

Boston's Famous Divine Consecrated to the Bishopric of Massachusetts.

Impressive Services in Which the Most Prominent Prelates of the Episcopal Church Assisted-Sermon by Bishop Potter.

Boston, Oct. 14.-With services as solemn and impressive as Lave ever been witnessed in this city, Dr. Phillips Brooks, the rector of Trinity Church, was to-day made bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Massachusetts. The threatening skies of the morning had no effect on the attendance, and at 10 o'clock, an hour before the services of consecration were announced to begin, hundreds of ticket-holders had taken their position on the damp sidewalks. The doors opened at 10:15 and the crowd flocked in and soon filled the pews. When the time arrived for the beginning of the services the great edifice was thronged and the standing room in the balconies was entirely taken up. The chief marshal, A. C. J. Sowden, was assisted by twenty-three members of Trinity Church. The decorations were very simple, consisting only of the palms that adorned the chancel.

Promptly at 11 o'clock J. C. D. Parker, who has served Trinity long in the capacity of organist, commenced to play the voluntary and then the processional hymns, "Holy, holy, holy" and "The God of Abra-



ham," respectively, were sung by the choir and audience, standing, and the solemn processson of clergy began to move from the robing room. The audience was a notable one. The bishops present were the Right Rev. John Williams, of Connecticut, presiding bishop of the American Church Right Rev. T. M. Clark and Right Rev. H B. Whipple, bishops, respectively, of the dioceses of Rhode Island and Minnesota; Bishops A. N. Littlejohn, of Long Island, and W. C. Doane, of Albany, and Right Rev. H. C. Potter, of New York. There were also present about 100 clergy of the Diocese of Massachusetts and 265 lay dele-

It was an impressive sight, the long line of white robed clergy that passed down the left aisle and divided in the center aisle while the bishops and bishop-elect passed through the chancel, the consecrator, Bishop Williams, leading. He was fol lowed by the presiding bishops, Clark and Whipple, Bishops Littlejohn, Doane Neeley and Potter, and the bishop-elect Right Rev. Phillips Brooks. The clergy followed. They ranged themselves around the chancel rail when the Lord's prayer was repeated. The presiding bishop then read the collect, after which Bishop Littlejohn read the epistle, Acts xx, 17, and Bishop Neeley the Gospel of St. John, xxi. 15. The Nicene Creed was followed by the missionary bymn, "Go Forth, Ye Herald."

THE CONSECRATION SERMON. Bishop Potter then ascended the pulpit and preached the consecration sermon. His

As they ministered to the Lord, and fasted, the Holy Ghost said: "Separate me Barnabas and Saul for the work whereunto I have called them." And when they had fasted, and prayed, and laid their hands on them they sent them away. So they, being sent forth by the Holy Ghost, departed.—Acts xiii, 2, 3 and 4.
Stir up the gift of God, which is in thee by the putting on of my hands.—II Timothy i, 6.

In the course of his sermon Bishop Potter said; "We are not here as in a drawingroom, to give him our congratulations. We are here in God's sanctuary to give him our commission. Henceforth he is to be a bishop in the church of God, to whom no one of all God's children is to be an alien or remote. We speak of the limitations of the episcopate in these modern days, and it has its limitations. I am not sure that, on the whole, they are not wise ones. We, in America, have shorn the office of much of its state and ceremony and secular authority, and in doing so I am persuaded that we have done well. The true power of the episcopate must forever be in the exercise of those spiritual gifts and graces of which it is the rightful, as it was meant to be the lowly, inheritor, but for the exercise of these there are verily no limitations. No dunan interest, no social problem, no personal sorrow or want can be alien to the true bishop. Whether he will or not his office lifts him out of narrower interests. personal jealousies, small and individual conceptions. Whether other men see with his eyes or not, he must forever try to see with their eyes. Whether the clergy and his people understand and love him, but he must always love and try to understand

In conclusion Bishop Potter said: "And you, my brother, soon to be a brother in a dearer and hoher bond, what can I trust myself to say to you? May I tell this people-though I know well how your rare humility will resent it-how profoundly I am persuaded that in you every best atribute of the episcopate will find its worthy illustration? Whatever have been the limitations of your sympathies heretofore, I know that you will henceforth seek to widen their range and enlarge their unfailing activities, and, taking with you that singular and invariable magnanimity which, under the sorest provocation, has made it impossible for you to nourish a resentment, or to remember an injustice, you will, I know, too, show to the people of your charge that yours is a charity born not of indifference, but of love for Christ, for your clergy and for your flock.

A TRIBUTE TO THE NEW BISHOP. "He who has endowed you with many exceptional gifts has given you one, I think, which is best among them all. It is not learning, nor eloquence, nor generosity, nor insight, nor the tidal rush of impassioned feelings which will most turn the dark places in men's hearts to light, but that enkindling and transforming temper which forever sees in humanity not that which is bad or hateful, but that which is lovable and improvable, which can both discern and effectually speak to that nobler longing of the soul, which is the indestructible image of its Maker. It is this-this enduring belief in the redeemable qualities of the vilest manhood-which is the most potent spell in the ministry of Christ, and which, as it seems to me, you have never for an instant lost out of yours. Go with it then, my brother. the large tasks and larger flock that now awaits you; we who know and love you through and through thank God for this gift to the episcopate; and not least do we thank Him for all the graces and uncomplaining patience, and self-respecting humility, and atter absence of all bitterness, and wrath, and anger, and clamor, and evil-speaking which have shone in you in such rare and unfailing constancy. If there are those who to-day misread you I am persuaded they will not do so long. And for yourself, believe me, these, your clergy and your people, as they are henceforth to be, who, of whatever school of opinion, greet you. and all, to-day as you take on the high office with such undivided love and lovalty, these will prove to you how warm is the place in all their hearts to which they wait to welcome you. May God, in giving you their love, give you no less their prayers, and so the grace and courage that you will always need. How

bly lonely the way. And yet, said one whose office, as an apostle described it, is that of the bishop and shepherd of our souls—and yet I am not alone, because the Father is with me. May He go with you, always, even to the glorious end."

At the conclusion of the sermon the presentation of the bishop-elect was made to Presiding Bishop Williams by Bishops Clark, Talbott and Whipple, after which Rev. Dr. William Brooks, secretary of th Diocese of Massachusetts, read the certificate of the election by the convention of the diocese and the canonical testimony of that body. Rev. Dr. George S. Converse then read the consent of the standing committee and this part of the ceremony was completed by the reading of the consent of the bishops, by Rev. Dr. Tattler, secretary of that body. Bishop-elect Brooks pronounced the promise of conformity and then retired and the litany and suttrages were read by Bishop Doane, with responses by the congregation. A prayer followed, when the bishop-elect and presenting bishop again advanced in front of the presiding bishop, who put to the candidate the usual questions in regard to the special vows. The vesting of the bishop-elect was then completed and he retired to the chan-

An exciting but happily not serious incident here happened. Bishop Clark, who had evidently not been feeling well, was suddenly overcome and fell to the floor. He suffered no mjury, however, and was able to continue. A prayer and the singing of "Veni Creator Spiritus" followed, after which the solemn ceremony of laying on hands on the head of the newly-consecrated bishop by the other bishops was performed. The final words of consecration were then uttered by the presiding bishop.

INDIANAPOLIS SELECTED.

Next National Encampment of the Union Veteran Legion Will Be Held in This City.

The Commercial Club committee on semblages begins the important branch of work which it has undertaken with notably successful achievement. It was decided, as a first effort, to try to induce the Union Veteran Legion to hold its encampment in this city in 1892. It was less than two weeks ago that this work was undertaken, but as a result of the efforts to interest the delegates in Indianapolis, the secretary had, up to last Saturday, when the representatives of the indianapolis encampment left for Reading, received letters from over a hundred of the influential members of the veterans' encampment promising to favor Indianapolis, and they have since been coming in with every mail. When Mr. Tucker reached Reading he found that the arriving delegates were as enthusiastic over Indianapolis as the next meeting place as was our delegation, but be followed up the good work that had been done with a determination to leave nothing undone. He carried with him formal invitations from the Governor, and the various interested organizations in the city, and went prepared to give satisfactory assurances as to what would be done here for the veterans. Though there were several other cities in the field, including Washington, Cincinnati and Council Bluffs, the victory was evi-dently all that could be desired, as the following telegram received last evening by the secretary of the Commercial Club indi-

READING, Pa., Oct. 14, 1891. To William Fortune, Secretary Commercial C.ub, Indianapolis has by a unanimous vote been elected for the next national encampment of the Union Veteran Legion, 1892. Spread the good news. W. H. TUCKER,

Colonel Encampment, No. 80. the delegates who favored Indianapolis as the next meeting place also urged that Mr. Tucker should be elected the national commander of the Legion, but he declined to become a candidate for fear it might defeat the selection of this city as a meeting place.

The Veteran Legion encampment is one of the most important of the national bodies, though only six years old. It is rapidly growing and Mr. Tucker says that the encampment next year will bring over 000 veterans to Indianapolis.

Want Commissioner Raum Removed. READING, Pa., Oct. 14. - The opening to-day of the National encampment of the Union Veteran Legion brought to Reading several thousand veterans from all over Pennsylvania and many neighboring and West. ern States. Over two hundred and fifty delegates were present. The reports submitted showed that twenty-seven encampments had organized during the year. and there had been a gain in memberhip in that time of 3,500. The order is distributed through seventeen States. It was decided

to elect officers to-morrow.
Indianapolis, Ind., was selected as the clace of meeting next year. Among the resolutions offered to the committee on resolutions was one asking for the removal of Pension Commissioner Raum on the ground that he is not in sympathy with the soldiers, and that in public employment preference should be given to the soldiers.

STEVENS STREET ASPHALT.

Board of Public Works Leaves the Responsibility with the Council. The Board of Public Works had before it vesterday the question of the asphalting of Stevens street, the matter being called up night yardmaster John Howard, of the Vandalia. The improvement Stevens street with alphalt is instigated largely by the residents of Greer street. A declaratory resolution, ordering the asphalting of Greer was passed some time ago. The unusual interest of the Greer-street property-owners in Stevens street arises from the fact that desire asphalt connection with Virginia avenue. A petition for the improvement was circulated on Stevens street, followed by a remonstrance. Of the twenty-three property-owners entitled to petition or remonstrate, eight peand twelve remonstrated. while the other three were non-committal. Those objecting to the improvement so nearly constituted twothirds of the whole number interested that the board decided to refer the matter to the Council, and Mr. Howard was so informed. Mr. Howard is a resident of Greer

Minor Board Mention. The board took a drive out on College avenue, vesterday afternoon, to consider the matter of establishing lights between Fifteenth and Seventeenth streets. Fulmer & Seibert were awarded the con-

tract to grade and pave with brick the first alley east of Meridian street, between Washington and Maryland. Declaratory resolutions were adopted as To vacate the first alley east of Illinois street, from Twelfth street to the first alley

street, from Elizabeth street to the first To pave with brick the west sidewalk on State avenue, from Market street to Koller To pave with brick the east sidewalk on State avenue, from 194.40 feet north of Washington to Michigan.

To vacate the first alley east of Douglass

Blundered as Usual. Judge Norton yesterday rendered his decision in the case of the City versus Robert Martindale. The Judge decided Mr. Martindale not guilty, the offense, if any, having been committed by the Cottage Building Association. The law question as to whether Samuel Perrott, deputy collector. can charge and collect a notary fee was not passed upon. The administration blundered, as usual, by arresting the wrong man. The Cottage Building Association having erected a number of houses without paying for building permits, there is no reason why others who build should pay that fee.

Mr. Bookwalter's Requests. Charles Book walter was before the Board

of Public Works yesterday with a petition for permission to improve the sidewalks on North Illinois street, between Twentyfourth and Twenty-fifth streets; also asking the board to put in stone sidewalk crossing on both sides of Illinois and Twenelement in a bishop's life-how inexpressi- petition was granted.

OFFICIALS ELECTE!

**Evangelical General Conference Spends** Most of the Day in Taking Ballots.

Corresponding Secretary, Editors, Publishers and Publishing Agents Chosen-Something About the New Men.

The Evangelical General Conference yesterday spent almost the entire day in electing the various General Conference officers. All the old officers were re-elected excepting the editor of the Christliche Botschafter, who was on Tuesday elevated to the episcopacy, and the corresponding secretary of the missionary society, who could not accept the office again on account of failing health. Rev. G. Heinmiller, of the Germany Conference, was elected to take the place of the former, and Rev. W. H. Bucks, of the Ohio Conference, to take the place of the latter. Immediately upon the approval of the

mirutes of Tuesday's sessions the confer-

ence suspended the regular rules of busi-

ness in order to proceed with the election

of General Conference officers. The editor of the Christiiche Botschafter, the German official weekly of the church, was first elected. The first ballot resulted in no election, as it required 50 votes to elect. Rev G. Heinmiller received 40, R. Yeakel 19, H. Guehlich 11. C. Thomas 8, F. Zimmerman votes, and the rest scattering. On the second ballot Rev. Heinmiller was elected by 55 votes, R. Yeakel receiving 29 and H Guehlich 8 votes. The next ballot was for editor of the Evangelical Messenger, the English official weekly of the church, and Rev. S. P. Spreng was re-elected by 94 out of 98 votes. Next came the election of editor of the Evangelische Magazine and German Sunday-school Literature. Rev. C. A. Thomas was re-elected on the first ballot by 55 votes, Rev. J. G. Haller receiving 24, G. Berstecher 4, and H. Guehlich 3 votes. It required three ballots to elect the editor of the Living Epistle and Sundayschool Literature. The first ballot stood as Hornberger, 45; J. G. Halle 33, and H. W. Bucks, 11 votes. The second ballot: Hornberger, 48; Haller, 40, and Bucks, 7. However, on the third ballot, J. C. Hornberger was re-elected by 58 votes, J. G. Haller receiving 59 votes. In the election of the publishing agents for the publishing-house at Cleveland, O., conference balloted for one man only at a time Rev. M. Lauer was re-elected, as senior publisher, with 55 votes. No less than eleven different men were voted for in this ballot. Rev. C. Pfund received 12, C. K Fehr, 10, and M. Pfitzinger, 8 votes. Three ballots were necessary for the election o the junior publishing agent. On the first ballot Key, H. Mattill received 34; C. Pfund, 28; M. Pfitzinger, 12, and C. K. Fehr, 8 votes. In the second ballot H. Mattill showed a gain of 7, and C. Pfund a gain of 14 votes, making their votes 41 and 42, respectively, while M. Pfitzinger's vote dropped down to 7. Before conference proceeded to take the second ballot, Rev. C. Pfund stated to the conference that he desired to remain on the prairies of the far West, and expressed the hope that his friends would vote for Rev. Mattill. This had its effect, and Rev. Mattill was reelected on the next ballot by a vote of 56. Thirty-three of Rev. Pfund's friends, however, clung to him to the end.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY. The election of corresponding secretary of the Missionary Society came next in order. The fact that there were some twenty different men voted for in the first ballot and that the highest number of votes any one received was only eighteen, showed that the delegates were very much at sea in regard to the proper man for this office. The first ballot was counted with the following result: J. G. Haller, 18; W. H. Bucks, 18; C. Pfund, 11; A. Philabar, 8; C. Schmus, 8, and M. L. Wing 7 votes, and the rest scattering. On the second ballot, however, the friends of Rev. W. H. Bucks marshaled their forces and elected him by a majority vote of one, while Rev. Haller's friends succeeded in raising his vote to 32. In the election of treasurer of the Missionary Society, which followed next, Rev. W. Yost only 97. Rev. Yost was declared elected. The next ballot was cast for a superintendent of the Ebenezer Orphan Home, at Flat Rock, O. Rev. S. Heininger received 56 votes, but declared it impossible for him to accept the position. Conference accepted his resignation reluctantly.

MORE ELECTIONS IN THE AFTERNOON. After the opening of the afternoon see sion an effort was made to postpone further elections for the time being, and take up the regular order of business, but conference felt otherwise. Another ballot was taken for the election of superintendent of the Orphans' Home, which resulted in the election of Rev. C. K. Fehr. At the enggestion of the delegates from Europe the election of an agent for the branch publishing-house at Stuttgart, Germany, and ed itor of the Evangelishe Botschafter was postponed until Thursday afternoon. The election of the eight members of the board of publication consumed considerable time. The various delegates of the eight different districts into which the church had previously been divided grouped themselves together and each nominated two candidates from their district, with the following results:

First District-O. L. Saylor and S. M. Baum gardner. Second District-H. Guehlich and J. Walz. Third District-M. Pfitzinger and G. A. Hett-

Fourth District-J. Stull and C. F. Negele. Fifth District-W. Goesele and C. Pfund. Sixth District-F. Zimmerman and H. Cordes. Seventh District-J. Wuerth and F. Backen Eighth District-H. Linse and Mr. Oertli.

From among these candidates conference elected Revs. O. L. Saylor. H. Guehlich. M. Pfitzinger. J. Stull, C. C. Pfund, F. Zim-merman, J. Wuerth, H. Linse. Bishop Esher now introduced an almost ife-long acquaintance and friend of his, Rev. Breinig, of the M. E. Church, who ad dressed conference briefly.

The committee on worship presented a report, and appointed Rev. M. Gruener to | the mouth and teeth right by Sozodont, preach on Wednesday evening. F. Zimmerman on Thursday evening and H. Guehlich on Friday evening. Rev. Zimmerman, however, refused point blank to accept his appointment. The committee will make other arrangements for Thursday evening. Revs. H. Snyder, of the Michigan Conference, and S. L. Umbach, of Canada Conference, and professor in Union Biblical Institute, were excused from further attendance at conference. Conference then adjourned and immediately thereafter the delegates met in a body upon the steps of the State Capitol, where they were photographed.

THE NEW OFFICIALS.

Rev. G. Heinmiller, the new editor of the Christliche Botschafter, is a native American. He was born at Albany, N. Y., and is thirty-eight years old to-day. He entered the ministry in the Iowa Conference in 1873, and labored successfully in his conference for five years, when his health failed. He went to Germany in search of health, and after three years' sojourn there the board of mission appointed him to a field of labor, since which time he has labored uninterruptedly in the Germany Conference. This is the second time he represents his conference in General Conference. He was, at the time of his election, a presiding elder in his conference, and is also the principal of the Reutling Theological Seminary. He is a man of fine physique, of fine literary culture and excellent preacher, and an able

Rev. W. H. Bucks, the newly-elected corresponding secretary of the missionary society, is a son of the aged and widelyknown Henry Bucks, now of the Illinois Conference. He was born at Lebanon, l'a., in 1848, and educated in Northwestern College. He entered the ministry in 1869 in the Iowa Conference, where he labored four years. Then he entered the Illinois Conference, and after ten years of successful work in that conference he entered the Ohio Conference, where he has labored ty-fourth streets at their intersection. Mr. | ever since. He is serving his second term Bookwalter represented that in muddy as presiding elder, and this is a so the lation of a declaration of financial if suffered to progress, often results in an inples in the platform which the curable throat or lung trouble. "Brown's Bronabove all—for that I think is the bitterest from the sidewalk to the electric cars. His ence in General Conference. He is somewhat below the medium in height and

weight, an excellent preacher and a man of fine executive ability.

Rev. Hann Reinstated. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14 .- At to-day's session of the General Conference of the Evangelical Association the appeal of Rev. George Hann, of the Wisconsin Conference, who was deposed from the ministry and expelled from the church for having been a member of the trial conference that suspended Bishop Bowman, was considered, and it was decided that the action of the Wisconsin Conference was illegal and contrary to the law of the church contained in the Book of Discipline. The action was, therefore, annulled and Kev. Hann was restored to the full functions of the Christian ministry in the relation of an elder in any church. The committee on the case of Rev. J. C. Miller decided that the action of the East Pensylvania Conference be affirmed.

Rev. D. B. Byers, of Naperville, Itl., was elected corresponding secretary of the Missionary Society. The congress voted in fa vor of lay representation in the general and annual conferences.

SUMMER MISSION WORK.

Close of a Successful Season-Children Taken Care of and Money Expended.

The Summer Mission for Sick Children met in the charity rooms yesterday aiternoon and was largely attended. The report of the executive committee was presented and accepted, with a few amendments. The report showed that the second season of the work was a very prosperous one, and encourages the mission to continue in its noble work. The season this year was opened in June, instead of July, as was the case last year. The advisability of this is apparent, thus enabling mothers with delicate babies to escape the city's heat before the midsummer weather sets in. As a result of this there were fewer acute cases of sickness at Fresh air Camp this year than during the summer of 1800. The mission wishes to thank the Citizens' Street-railway Company for the use of the grounds and for the privilege of free transportation. The aggregate attendance of mothers

children, attendants, officers and visitors in charge was 3,668, an average daily attendance of fifty-two. The aggregate attendance last year was 1,518, an average

daily attendance of thirty-eight. The majority of those in attendance this year were recurrent, and was composed of eighty-five mothers, 252 children, eighty attendants with children, seventy-nine lady visitors in charge and nine officers. Sixty-nine children were under two years of age, and of this number sixty-five were afflicted with the dread infantile disease. cholera infantum, all of whom recovered with two exceptions. The amount of contributions was \$1,630,

The expenditures amounted to \$1,593.04. Donations of food, clothing, books, toys and other useful things were gratifyingly liberal. An abstract of the treasurer's report is as follows: Income.

Receipts from all sources.....\$1,630,00 Expenditures. Permanent equipment...... \$338.40 Food supplies..... Printing and stationery..... and laborers..... \$1,630.00

From this report it will be seen that the Summer Mission for Sick Children is one of the most deserving and worthy objects of city charity.

LIBRARY CONTRACTS.

Iron-Work Awarded to Haugh, Ketcham & Co. and Building to Junclaus & Schumacher.

Every member except Commissioners Loeper and Galvin was present at the School Board's special meeting last night. Mr. Williams, senior member of the firm of Williams & Otter, architects, was also present. A motion to reconsider the vote to order plans for the library iron-work was made and prevailed. Mr. Frenzel made a feint at virtuous indignation, but As the total number of ballots cast was by Mr. Conner and Mr. Scott, in support of the motion. This brought the original report of the committee on buildings and grounds before the board, recommending that the bid of Haugh, Ketcham & Co. for the iron-work, at \$16,600, be accepted. The

recommendation was concurred in by a vote of 7 to 2, only Mr. Vonnegat voting with Mr. Frenzel. The hitch in the proceedings at a previous meeting was caused by a suggestion that certain changes would have to be made in Haugh, Ketcham & Co.'s design, but the architects found these had been provided for, though not shown in the plans and specifications of the roof. The board effected a saving of nearly \$1,600 by refusing to support Mr. Frenzel.

The committee's recommendation to give the general contract to Jungelaus & Schumacher, at \$58,600, was also concurred in The committee reported that they had found that the error of Nuerge & Reinking in their bid was unintentional, and recommended that no attempt be made to hold them to their bid. The board, having transacted the object of the special meeting, then adjourned. The regular meeting will occur to-morrow night at which the special committee appointed to report their investigations of charges of general inefficiency of the schools made by Mr. Frenzel will make a report.

Knocked from a Load of Lumber. Jonas Zook, an employe of the Parry Car Company, West Indianapolis, was knocked off of a load of lumber last evening, and his left thigh was broken at the hip-joint, besides inflicting serious internal injuries. He was taken to his home, on Belmont

avenue, where Dr. C. I. Fletcher attended Worth a Thousand Dollars!

Every child born into a family is thought to be worth "a thousand dollars" to the parents. Why then should they not be cared for from infancy to maturity? Keep and you start them right.

Corns, bunions and inverted nails removed without pain. Dr. Morgan, 2512 W. Wash. BEECHAM'S Pills are faithful friends.

The Pennsylvania Line to Chicago Offers superior facilities to travelers. Fast time is easily and safely made, owing to the excellent condition of track and equipment. Handsome Pullman parlor and sleeping cars daily. Two fast trains in each direction.

Artificial Teeth Without a Plate Or bridge-work. A. J. Morris, 3612 E. Washington St., opposite New York Store, Indianapolis.

Flavoring

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla Lemon Orange

-) Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in their use Rose etc., Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

AN OLD YOUNG PERSON.

How to Get Old and Young Again. Overwork broke him down. This applies to thousands of overworked clerks, mechanics, shop-girls and other; who see themselves growing thin in flesh, pale and sallow, and find themselves losing their physical strength and strong nerve. They grow weak, nervous, tire easily. have malaria, dull-feeling head, wake tired mornings, lose their appetite, become constipated, feel miserable, old. They are rapidly breaking down, and should use immediately the

strong and steady perves, vicorous strength of body, and restore their youthful feelings. "I had indigestion, dyspepsia, palpitation, cold feet and hands, sleepless nights, and was very nervous. I used Dr. Greene's Nervura, and

great nerve strengthener and blood lovigorators

Dr. Greene's Nervura. It will give a clear head-



no more indigestion or dyspepsia. My nerves are strong, have no more palpitation, no cold feet or hands. I sleep well and get up refreshed. In fact, I feel I am myself again, all due to Dr. Greene's Nervura. I am positive everybody will be benefited by it.

> "CHAS. A. TITTSWORTH, "243 7th street, Jersey City, N. J."

Dr. Greene, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 West 14th street, New York, can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Call or write him about your case, or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.



-- ASK FOR -

Best 5c Cigar in the market. JOHN RAUCH, - Manufacturer

FUNERAL DIRECTORS. 125 N. Delaware St. Free Ambulance. Tel. 564.

SLATE-Daughter of Henry and Kila Slate, Oct 14, aged four years and hie months. Funeral Oct.

FUNERAL NOTICE. MORSE-The funeral of Kent S. Morse will b held at 8:30 p. m., to-day. Services at Crown Hi Chapel. Burial private. SOCIETY NOT ES.

DENTALPHA LODGE, NO. 564. F. AND A. Masons. Special meeting in Masonic Temple this (Thursday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Attend, and you will learn why the meeting has been called. HENRY H. CLARK, W. M. WM. H. SMYTHE, Sec.

LOST-BY TRANSFER CAR, SMALL YELLOW dog, answering to name of "Fannie." Finder will be suitably rewarded. J. Journal office. ANNOUNCEMENT.

ART SALE AT MRS. A. E. KERRY'S STU-MRS. PRUNK'S SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION and Dramatic Art, opens thirteenth year Oct. 13, at 36s West New York street. Classes new forming.

NOTICE - TULIPS, HYACINTHS, CROCUS, narci-sus, lilies, etc., cheap, HUNTINGTON'S SEED STORE, East Market streets NOTICE-POULTRY SUPPLIES, HUNTING-TON'S, 78 East Market street.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. OR SALE-LAWN GRASS SEED, HUNTING TON'S SEED STORE, 78 East Market street. FOR SALE-FALL BULBS, AT HUNTING. TRY HUNTINGTON'S CHOICE BIRD SEED.

WANTER-CAREFUL PARTY TO BENT WANTED-AGENTS, WHO WE KNOW CAN than any other company. We will give salary or commission, and furnish outfit and team free to every agent. We want you now. Address at once, STANDARD SILVEL-WARE CO., Boston, Mass.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. DUILDING AND LOAN-BIG FOUR BUILD ing Association has four plaus. The difference lies in the length of time necessary to yay out. 6 monthly payments \$20 each, builds \$1,000 house 96 monthly payments, \$13.34 each, builds \$1,000 house; 40 loans made since March, at a cost of \$30,000. Hon, Miles M. Reynold, president; J. Wealey Smith, (capitalist) treasurer. A lew good agents wanted. JOHN FURNAS, Sec'y, Office 77's East

Marketst.

SEEDS AND BULBS. DUTCH BULBS, FOR FALL AND WINTER D planting, cheap, HUNTINGTON'S SEED STORE, 78 East Market street.

TO LET-HOUSES. PO LET-GET LIST ALEX. METZGER.

LYOR RENT-NICELY-FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen; both gasses. 125 E. North st. TO LET-506 NORTH NEW JERSEY, EIGHT I large rooms; nicely papered, bath-room, natural

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. LOB SALE-GOOD FARMS-ON TERMS TO suit purchasers. 172 North Illinois street. J. H. THORNBURGH THE FOUNDATION OF ALL WEALTH IS I real estate. You had better take the train Saturday, Oct. 17, and go to Harvey, Ill., and invest in some of the foundation. Lickets \$5 for the round trip, to lot buyers. For tickets call on C. F. KNOWLTON, agent, 68 East Market street.

GANS-MONEY ON MORTGAGES C. P SallEs, to East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT, HORACE MCKAY, Room 11. Talbott & New's block. SIX PERCENT ON CITY PROPERTY IN LS. INDIANAPOLIS MORTGAGE LOAN COM I pany loans money on furniture, horses, wagons and every kind of collateral security. Rooms 10 and

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW est market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market screet, Indianapolis.

The Sunday Journal, \$2 Per Annum

11, Phorpe Block, 85 East Market street.